

MULTIPLIER PHOTOTUBE TYPE 7908 FOR EXTREME ENVIRONMENTS

The type 7908 is a 10-stage 3/4" diameter multiplier phototube having a flat end-window photocathode with an S-11 spectral response. The 7908 is designed to render reliable service when subjected to the environmental extremes of temperature shock, temperature extremes, humidity, mechanical shock and vibration, altitude and elevated-temperature altitude tests contained in Military Specification MIL-E-5272. The 7908 further incorporates an integral, potted voltage-divider resistor network to achieve maximum compactness and reliability of associated equipment.

ELECTRICAL:	Min.	Avg.	Max.
Spectral Response	--	\$11	--
Cathode Luminous Sensitivity with 200 Volts, d-c Between Cathode and All Other			
Electrodes	30	--	-- μ A/Lumen
Anode Luminous Sensitivity with 105 Volts d-c/Stage.....	3	--	-- A/Lumen
Cathode Radiant Sensitivity at 0.44 Microns with 200 Volts Between Cathode and All			
Other Electrodes	--	0.045	-- μ A/ μ Watt
Anode Dark Current with 105 Volts/Stage (25° C)	--	--	0.05 μ Ampere
Current Amplification with 105 Volts/Stage.....	--	150,000	--
Wavelength at Maximum Response.....	3900	4400	4900 Angstroms
Wavelength at 10% of Maximum Response on long Wavelength Side	5850	6125	6400 Angstroms
Wavelength at 10% of Maximum Response on short Wavelength Side	3000	3250	3500 Angstroms

MECHANICAL:	
Window Diameter (Min.).....	1/2"
Tube Diameter.....	7/8"
Overall Length (Excluding Leads).....	5-3/8" \pm 1/8"
Base.....	Potted Flexible Leads
Mounting Position	Any
Window Index of Refraction	1.5

MAXIMUM RATINGS:

Absolute Maximum Values

Peak Cathode Current (Note 1)	10	max.	μ Ampere
Average Anode Current (Note 2)	1	max.	Ma.
Peak Anode Current	5	max.	Ma.
Average Anode Dissipation (Note 2)	0.5	max.	Watt
Peak Anode Dissipation	2.0	max.	Watt
Ambient Temperature	75	max.	°C

1. The cathode current given here is that current at which the response of the cathode current ceases to be a linear function of the light intensity because of cathode resistance. In general, the cathode current must be kept well below this value in order to satisfy the maximum ratings on the anode current.
2. Averaged over a 30 second interval maximum.

